### Effects of Climate Change on Insect Communities in Organic Farming Systems

David Crowder, Washington State University

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http://www.extension.org/organic\_production





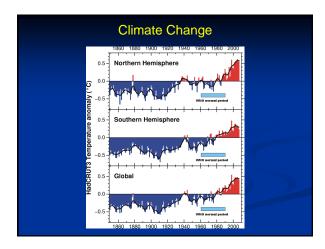


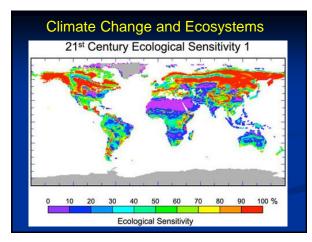
Dave Crowder, Washington State University

# Effects of Climate Change on Insect Communities in Organic Farming Systems

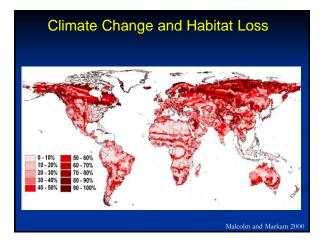


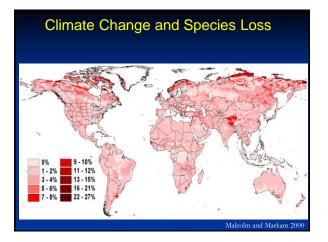
Dave Crowder Washington State University



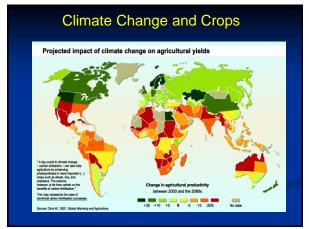




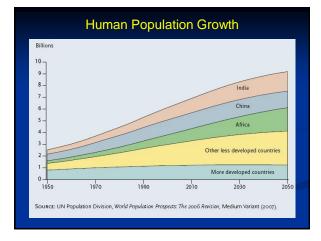




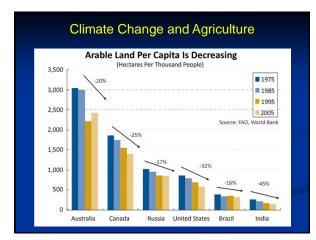




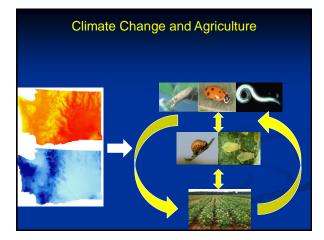












# **Projected Climate Change Impacts**

- 1. Loss of biodiversity
- 2. Habitat loss and change
- 3. Variable effects on crop yields



# The Big Questions

- 1. How do farming systems and climate change impact biodiversity?
- 2. What might be effects of loss of biodiversity?
- 3. How might organic farming, or other sustainable practices, mediate harmful effects of climate change?

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# Diversity in Agriculture

Pimentel 1961, Annals of the Entomol. Soc. Am: "Considerable evidence in the literature suggests that the lack of species diversity [in] communities modified by cultivation...may be responsible for the outbreaks which are so typical of these simplified communities"



If correct, fostering predator biodiversity will improve pest control.





#### Altieri 1999:

"The key is to identify the type of biodiversity that is desirable to maintain and/or enhance...ecological services, and to determine the best practices to encourage the desired biodiversity components."

•This requires quite a detailed understanding of biodiversity effects

# Study System: Potatoes in East-Central Washington





# Growing Adoption of Organic Production

#### Conventional

- 1) Calendar based sprays of broad-spectrum pesticides
- 2) Soil fumigation
- 3) Harmful to pests and natural enemies



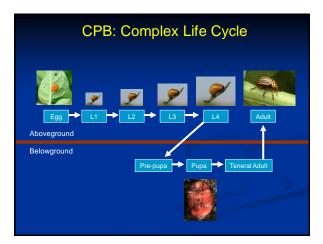
Organic / Sustainable

- 1) Natural or "environmentallyfriendly" pesticides
- 2) Bio-fumigation
- 3) Promotes natural enemies but may have more pests

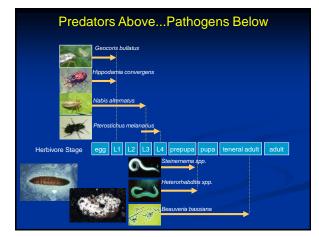










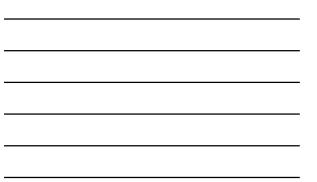




# Surveys in Potato

• Predator and pathogen field surveys in potato

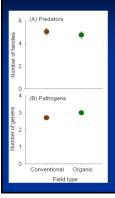




Sampling

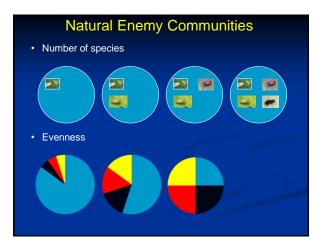


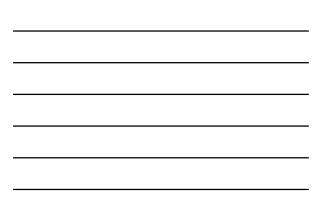
# Natural Enemies in Potato

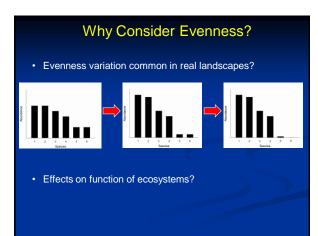


Among WA potato fields there is little variation in taxa present...

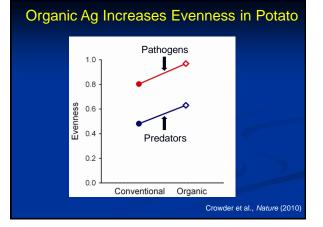
...and no effect of management.







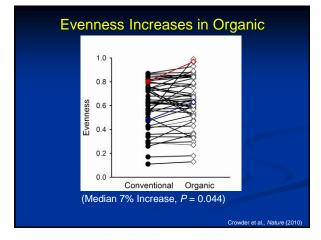




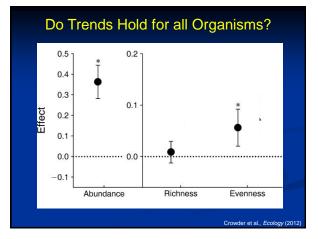


# Does Organic Ag Generally Impact Natural Enemy Evenness?

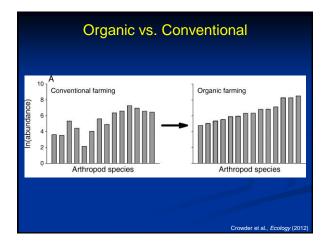
- Meta-analysis of 48 studies across 23 crops in 16 countries (40 predators, 8 pathogens)
- Calculated evenness in each field



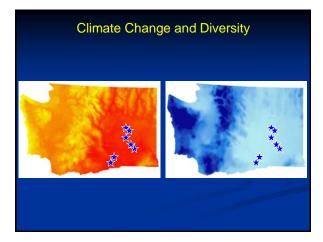


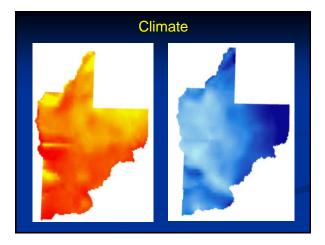


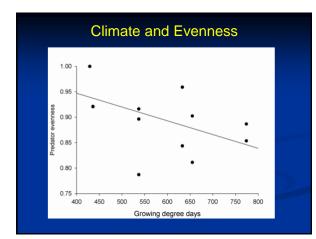














# The Big Questions

1. How do farming systems and climate change impact biodiversity?

Organic promotes evenness of organisms

Climate change degrades evenness

# The Big Questions

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# Does Evenness Impact Beetle Control?

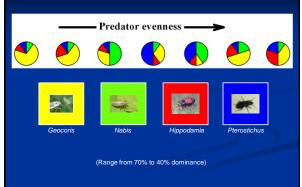
Searched potato survey data for fields that differed in:

1. Evenness

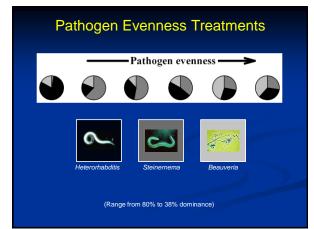
2. The numerically dominant species

-- reproduced these real-world communities in field cages, added beetles, eventually harvested plants.

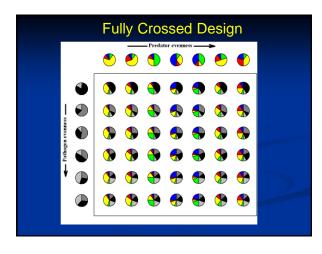
# Predator Evenness Treatments











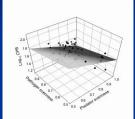
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# Details

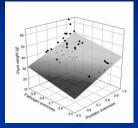


- Field enclosures containing potato plants and all immature potato beetle life stages
- Varying levels of predator and pathogen evenness
- Experiment run for 31 days

# Enemy Evenness Increases Beetle Mortality and Plant Biomass

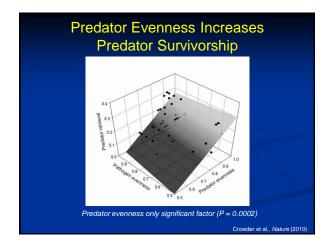


Predator evenness P = 0.023Pathogen evenness P = 0.036Pred x Path interaction n.s.



Predator evenness P = 0.005Pathogen evenness P = 0.003Pred x Path interaction n.s.

Crowder et al., Nature (2010





Does this occur in real fields? 1.8 1.4 R A 1.2 9<sub>1.7</sub> veight 1.6 beetles 1.0 0.8 1.5 0.0 0.6 : 60 1.4 0.4 0.2 1.3 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 0.5 1.0 Predator evenness

# Summary

- Organic farming promotes more balanced communities of natural enemies in many crops
- In potato, greater enemy evenness lead to fewer pests (-18%) & larger plants (+35%)
- Organic farming may offer a solution to the difficult challenge of evenness restoration/conservation

#### Why might this occur? **\***\* **\***\* --2 2 -R.Y R. 1 9 9 **,**9 \* \* \* and the and the second s \* \* ÷. \* \*

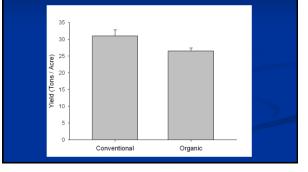
## Can Natural Enemy Communities be Managed to Improve Natural Pest Control?

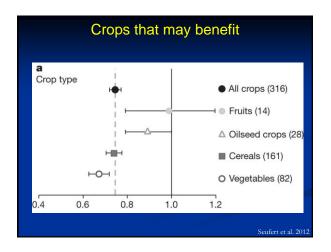
(does any of this have any value to farmers?)



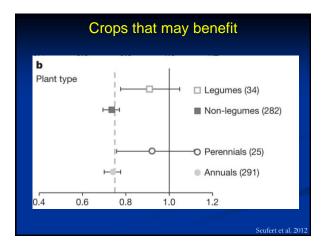
# Experiment Summary

 Increased predator evenness can help organic farmers produce yields close to conventional farms

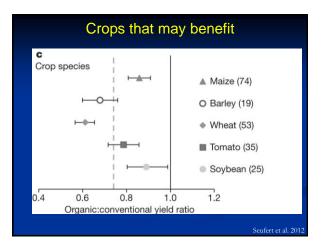












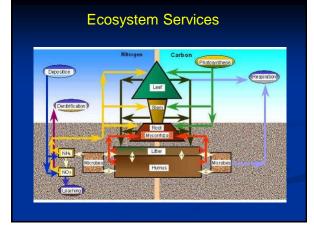


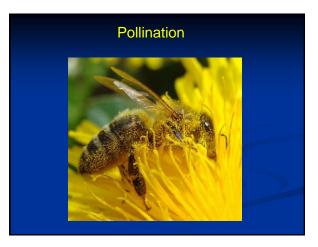
# The Big Questions

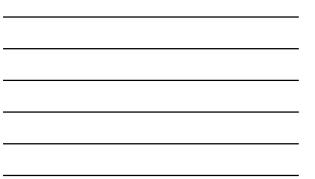
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# **Promoting Biodiversity**









# **Biological Control**



# Mechanisms

- 1. Complementary species interactions
- 2. Insurance effect

# Summary

- 1. Climate change is expected to reduce biodiversity and potentially degrade ecosystem services
- 2. Organic agriculture mediates these effects by promoting biodiversity and ecosystem services
- 3. Increased adoption of organic agriculture, or other sustainable practices, may help alleviate harmful effect of climate change in agricultural ecosystems

# Acknowledgements

- Bill Snyder, Tobin Northfield, Joyce Parker, Christine Lynch, Randa Jabbour, Carrie Wohleb, Elliott Moon, Jacob Gable, Liz Aultman, John Reganold
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- Funding: USDA AFRI, USDA RAMP, WSU BioAg

#### Links

- <u>http://entomology.wsu.edu/david-crowder/</u>
- http://newsletters.cahnrs.wsu.edu/greentimes/2011/11/01/welcome-insect-biodiversity-peopleevents/
- http://www.nytimes.com/2010/11/30/science/30farm.html?\_r =2&pagewanted=all&
- http://www.nature.com/news/2010/100630/full/news.2010.32
  4.html
- http://seattletimes.com/html/localnews/2012250093\_taters0 1m.html





Find all upcoming webinars and archived eOrganic webinars at <u>http://www.extension.org/pages/25242</u>

Find the slides as a pdf handout and the recording at <a href="http://www.extension.org/pages/66899">http://www.extension.org/pages/66899</a>

Additional questions about organic farming? <u>https://ask.extension.org/groups/1668</u>

We value your feedback! Please fill out our follow-up email survey!



